FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

Third Engg (Mechanical) Examination - DEC - 2014

Theory of Machines-II (revised)

Theory of Machines-II (revised)			
[Time:	me: THREE Hours [M		80]
"Please check whether you have got the right question paper."			
<i>N.B</i>	1)		
	2)	Use of non-programmable electronic calculator is permitted.	
	3)	Assume suitable data wherever necessary. SECTION A	
Q.1	a)	Give the comparison between spur and helical gears.	05
	b)	A pair of spur gear has 16 and 18 teeth, a module of 13mm, addendum of 13mm, and	08
		pressure angle of 14.5°. Determine whether interference will occur or not. If it occurs,	
		determine the amount by which the addendum must be reduced to eliminate the	
		interference.	
Q.2		Give the comparison between a simple gear train and compound of gear train.	04
	b)	The center distance between two meshing spiral gears is 260mm and the angle between the	09
		shaft is 65° . The normal circular pitch is 14mm and the gear ratio is 2.5. The driven gear	
		has a helix angle of 35°. Find the,	
		i)Number teeth on each wheel ii) Exact center distance iii) Efficiency assuming the friction	1
0.2	2)	angle to be 5.5°.	06
Q.3	a) b)	Explain sensitiveness, stability and isochronisms for a governor. A hartNell governor has each ball of weight15 N. The lengths of vertical &horizontal arms of the	06 07
	0)	bell crank lever are 120mm and 60mm respectively. The fulcrum of the bell crank lever is at a	07
		distance of 100mm from the axis of rotation. The maximum and minimum radii of rotation of the	
		balls are 120mm and 80mm and the corresponding equilibrium speeds are 325 and 300 rpm	
		respectively. Find the equilibrium speed when the radius of rotation is 100mm and stiffness of the	
		spring is 25N/mm.	o =
Q.4		Differentiate between the functions of a flywheel and a governor.	05
	b)	Explain in detail the fluctuation of energy and maximum fluctuation of energy in case of a	08
0.5	Write	flywheel. a short notes on	
Q.5	a)	Gyroscopic effects on an aero plane	05
	b)	Stability of vehicles	05
	c)	Worm and worm gears.	04
		SECTION B	0.1
Q.6	a)	Explain the working of single plate clutch with neat sketch.	06
	b)	A single plate clutch transmits 25kw at 900 rpm. The maximum pressure intensity between	07
	Ź	the plates is $85\text{KN/}m^2$. The outer diameter of the plate is 360mm. both sides of the plate	
		are effective and the coefficient of friction is 0.25. determine the	
		i) Inner diameter of the plate ii) Axial force to engage the clutch.	
Q.7	a)	Discuss the effect of initial tension on power transmission in a belt drive.	05
	b)	A pulley is driven by a flat belt drive. The flat belt is 100mm wide 6mm thick. The angle o	f 08
		lap is 120° and the coefficient of friction is 0.3. Consider the density of material as 1000	
		kg/m^3 . The maximum stress in the belt does not exceed 2MPa. Find the maximum power	
0.0		that can be transmitted and the corresponding speed of the belt.	o =
Q.8		J J I U	05
	b)	Derive equation of motion and natural frequency for a simple pendulum using energy	08
0.0	2)	method.	00
Q.9	a)	Find out the frequency ratio for which the amplitude in forced vibration will be maximum.	09
	b)	Also determine the peak amplitude and the corresponding phase angle. Explain the function of vibrometer.	04
Q.10		short notes on:	U 4
Q.10	a)	Chain drive	05
	b)	Cone clutch	05
	c)	Slip and creep	04
	-/	1	