

**SUBJECT CODE NO:- K-57**  
**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY**  
**T.E.(EEP/EE/EEE) Examination Oct/Nov 2016**  
**Testing & Maintenance of Electrical Equipment**  
**(Revised)**

**[Time:Three Hours]**

**[Max. Marks:80]**

N.B Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B
- i) Q.No.1 & Q.6 are compulsory.
  - ii) solve any two question from remaining in each section .
  - iii) Assume suitable data if necessary

Section A

- |     |   |    |
|-----|---|----|
| Q.1 | a) Define : 1) destructive testing 2) NDT 3) maintenance  | 06 |
|     | b) Fill in the blanks   | 04 |
|     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>I. Acidity in a transformer can be resulted in ----- fault</li> <li>II. Resistance of -----winding in a single phase motor is more than other one</li> <li>III. If tap changer of a trans former offers loose contacts then -----winding of a transformer gets heated</li> <li>IV. Insulation failure between core &amp; LV can be predicted by reading of ----- in star to ground connection</li> </ul> |    |
| Q.2 | a) What routine tests are taken on the 1-PH I.M ? explain any one testing procedure in details  | 10 |
|     | b) Explain effect of frequent switching on the power handling capacity of the transformer   | 05 |
| Q.3 | a) List out the reasons for development of excessive vibrations in a transformer & describe method of detection for any one reason  | 08 |
|     | b) Write the testing method to find out over leakage current as per IS & write the no. of ISS   | 07 |
| Q.4 | a) What are the causes for development of coil to coil open circuit fault in the HV winding if a transformer during manufacturing   | 07 |
|     | b) Draw the flow chart of transformer manufacturing processes & indicate various testing during manufacturing by test blocks  | 08 |
| Q.5 | Write short notes on any three  | 15 |
|     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Differences in Routine &amp; type tests on I.M</li> <li>b) Contamination of transfer oil, reasons</li> <li>c) Need of de-hydration of power transformer</li> <li>d) Need of conservator top-up</li> </ul>   |    |

## Section –B

- Q.6 a) Write the application of following to detect the fault & name the fault which can be detected by that test equipment 06
1. Turns ratio testing
  2. Sonography ( ultra sound) tasting
  3. Megger testing
- b) Write the effect of fault in one sentence 04
1. Rotor of Sq. cage I.M not dynamically balanced
  2. Polarity of HV & LV winding found exactly same
  3. Yoke of DC motor got racked
  4. Oil acidity in transformer is more than specified limit
- Q.7 a) Explain the procedure of transformer oil in the transformer windings 07
- b) Explain the working of vibration measuring machine (E. M. swinging) 08
- Q.8 a) Diagnose the fault & comment , how will you confirm your judgment? What instrument you will use for your support ? 08
1. Motor is not giving required torque
  2. Only R-phase of transformer gets more heated in balanced load
- b) Enlist the reasons by which there is a winding failure in HV side of a transformer & name the instrument /test method to identify that reason 07
- Q.9 a) Explain what effects will be there on the equipment if following fault is there 08
1. Loose connections at transformer load side terminals
  2. Nuts & bolts got loosened in body part of 3 ØSq cage I.M
- b) Write down the steps invaded in manufacturing of 1-phase induction motor how many test are necessary in Routine test of the motor 07
- Q.10 Write short notes on any three 15
1. ISS for 3-phase Induction motor
  2. Industrial X-ray machine
  3. Heatrun testing
  4. HV with stand test